

**Math 3D03**  
**Short solutions to assignment #3**

1. Show that

$$w = \tan(z)$$

maps the vertical strip  $|x| < \frac{\pi}{4}$  in the  $z$ -plane onto the unit disk  $|w| < 1$  in the  $w$ -plane.

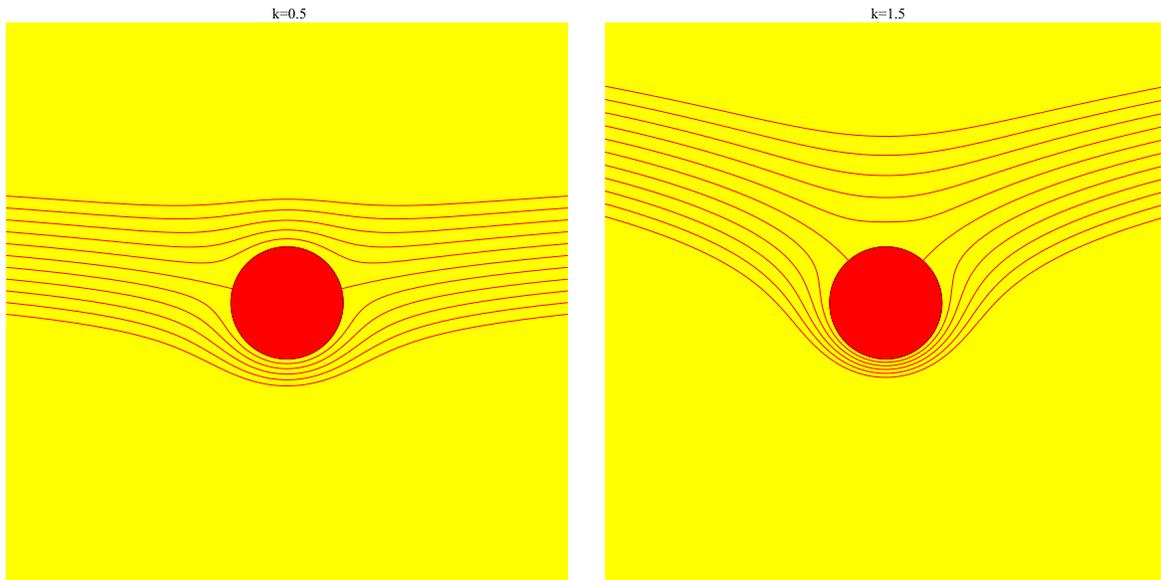
Write  $w = \tan(z)$  as a composition of two maps  $W = i e^{2iz}$  and  $w = \frac{W-i}{W+i}$ . The first transformation maps the vertical strip  $|Re(z)| < \frac{\pi}{4}$  bijectively onto the upper half-plane  $Re(W) > 0$  and the second Möbius transformation maps the upper half-plane bijectively onto the unit disk  $|w| < 1$ .

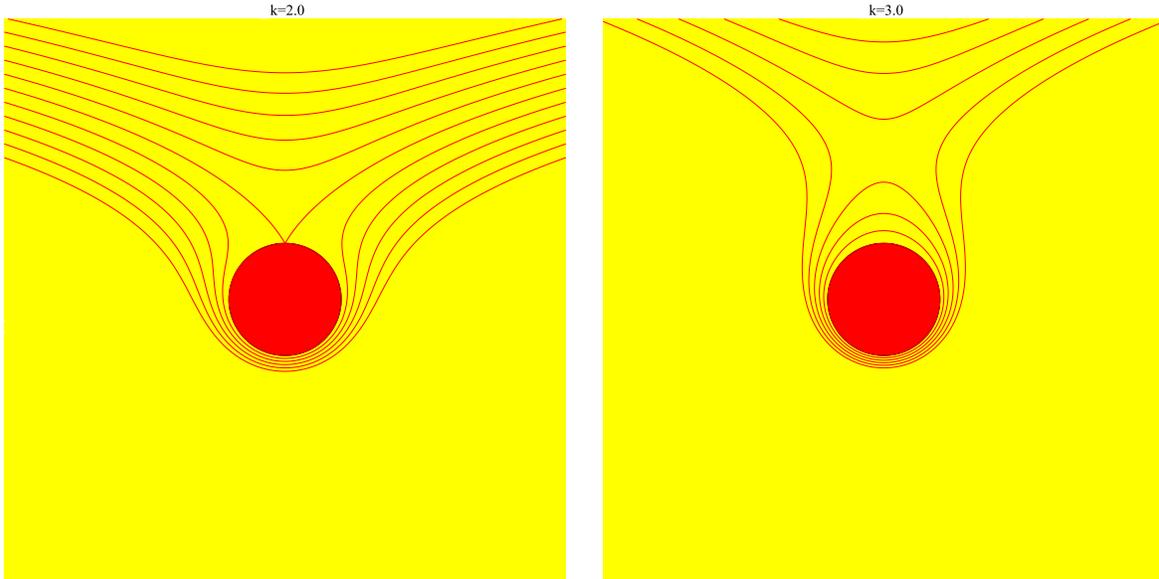
2. The complex potential

$$\Omega(z) = z + \frac{1}{z} - i \kappa \log(z)$$

where  $\kappa$  is a positive real number, describes a fluid flow around a cylinder with circulation. Locate the stagnation points (as a function of  $\kappa$ ) and sketch the streamlines of the flow, using computer software such as Matlab, for the following  $\kappa$  values:  $\kappa = 0.5, 1.5, 2, 3$ .

The stagnation points are obtained by solving the quadratic equation  $\Omega'(z) = 1 - \frac{1}{z^2} - i \kappa \frac{1}{z} = 0$  with roots  $\frac{1}{2} \left( i \kappa \pm \sqrt{4 - \kappa^2} \right)$ . (I owe the following pictures to L. Ambroszkiewicz)





3. Find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{\cosh(x s^{\frac{1}{2}})}{s^{\frac{1}{2}} \sinh(a s^{\frac{1}{2}})}$$

using a Bromwich contour integral.

We need to integrate  $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C e^{st} \frac{\cosh(x\sqrt{s})}{\sqrt{s} \sinh(a\sqrt{s})} ds$ , where  $C$  is a large Bromwich semicircle including the negative real axis as your contour. No branch cuts are needed since the function  $\frac{\cosh(xz)}{z \sinh(az)}$  is an even function of  $z$ . The poles are at  $z_k = -\frac{\pi^2 k^2}{a^2}$  for  $k = 0, 1, \dots$ . These are all simple poles with residues given by  $\frac{2 \cosh(x\sqrt{z_k})}{a \cosh(a\sqrt{z_k})} e^{z_k t} = (-1)^k \frac{2}{a} \exp(-\frac{\pi^2 k^2}{a^2} t) \cos(\frac{\pi x}{a} k)$  for  $k \neq 0$  and by  $\frac{1}{a}$  for  $k = 0$ . Therefore the inverse Laplace transform is given by the series:

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{2}{a} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k \exp(-\frac{\pi^2 k^2}{a^2} t) \cos(\frac{\pi x}{a} k)$$

4. Show that the Airy function:

$$\psi(z) = Ai(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{i(\frac{1}{3}s^3 + zs)} ds$$

satisfies Stokes' equation:

$$\frac{d^2 \psi}{dz^2} - z\psi = 0$$

and apply the WKB approximation to obtain the following asymptotic expression for the Airy function as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  ( $x$  real)

$$Ai(x) \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} x^{-\frac{1}{4}} \sin\left(\frac{2}{3}|x|^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

*Please refer to my notes or the textbook*